



**Total acres of Prescribed Fires Planned
for Southwest Idaho – 27,153 Acres**

Spring 2016 – 19,754 Acres

Fall 2016 – 7,399 Acres

**Total Acres of National Fire Plan Mechanical Treatment
Planned for Southwest Idaho for 2016 – 14,928 Acres**

Prescribed Fire in Southwest Idaho

*Spring and Fall
Burning, 2016*

Idaho Department of Lands

Southwest Idaho Forest
Protective District



Bureau of Land Management

Boise District



USDA Forest Service

Boise National Forest
Payette National Forest



**Boise National Forest
Prescribed Fire Hotline
208-373-4208**

**Southwest Idaho
Prescribed Fire Website
www.rxfire.com**

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Prescribed Fires in Southwest Idaho Spring and Fall Burning, 2016

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Introduction

Prescribed Fires

Focusing on the Health and Resiliency of the Forest

A look back on the 2015 fire season resulting in over 68,151 fires totaling over 10,125,149 acres burned nationally (as compared to 2014, where 63,312 fires totaling 3,595,613 acres burned) emphasizes the need for continued forest restoration efforts.

The need for reducing fuel is heightened, particularly in the wildland urban interface. The combined agencies in Southwest Idaho reduce fuel through prescribed burning and mechanical treatment every year; plans for this year include approximately 15,000 acres of mechanical and 27,000 acres of prescribed fire treatments.

Public land managers use prescribed fire and mechanical clearing to reduce large wildfire severity, improve wildlife habitat, affect insect and disease infestation, and achieve other natural resource objectives.

Substantial progress has been made, particularly in urban interface areas, and the number of acres treated annually is steady. However, inherent challenges can prevent land managers from igniting prescribed fires on as many acres each year as they believe are necessary. These challenges include weather, the time required to complete prescribed fire plans, and the impacts of prescribed fires on air quality.

Reducing hazardous fuels through prescribed fire and other tools is one of the key components of the National Fire Plan. Additionally, the National Cohesive Wildland Fire Management Strategy looks at a three pronged approach to reducing fires, with a focus on resilient landscapes, fire adapted communities, and effective fire response. The Strategy highlights that “addressing wildfire is not simply a fire management, fire operations, or wildland-urban interface problem — it is a larger, more complex land management and societal issue.”

The Strategy sets the vision for the next century to: “Safely and effectively extinguish fire when needed; use fire where



Prescribed fire is used to reduce vegetation (fuels) and eliminate brush piles after thinning activities.

allowable; manage our natural resources; and as a Nation, [learn to] live with wildland fire.” A key to this strategy is to reduce fuel concentrations and threats of uncharacteristic wildfires, especially in the wildland urban interface.

Prescribed fires on federal lands must comply with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), which requires extensive analysis of the environmental, economic, and social impacts of projects with public participation. The Farm Bill and Healthy Forest Restoration Act provides an expedited process using collaboration and integration with such things as county hazard mitigation plans, state fuels committee priorities, and direct work with local communities.

Fuel reduction management is a long-term proposition, but through annual programs combining federal, state and private land, and the people responsible or affected, the journey to return much of our forests to a historic condition and reduce the threat to life and property will begin to occur.

Introduction

Fire Ecology: Burning on our Terms

Since the beginning of time, fires have burned in forests and rangelands, playing a vital ecological role in keeping the land healthy. Fire reduces dead vegetation, replenishes nutrients in the soil, stimulates new growth, and maintains biological diversity. As civilization moved deeper into the forest and range, fire came to be seen as an enemy that destroyed lives, property, and natural resources. We began a campaign to exclude fire from our environment, and were mostly successful for many decades.

Over time, it became apparent that our success had many unforeseen consequences. Without fire, our forests became overcrowded and vulnerable to attacks by insects and disease. Heavy buildups of dead vegetation accumulated. Our forests and rangelands were invaded by plants, bushes, and trees not adapted to fire. These ecological changes put our forests and rangelands at risk, paradoxically, for the very conditions we sought to exclude unusually large, severe wildland fires.

Today, we know that fire is essential to the health of our forests and rangelands. Since conditions in many areas are conducive to large, severe wildland fires, and because so many people now live in or near forests and rangelands, we need fires to burn in a more controlled way than is usually possible when they are caused by naturally occurring events such as lightning strikes. In order to restore fire to its natural role in forests and rangeland, we ignite prescribed fires in the spring and fall when weather conditions allow for slow, lower intensity burning.

Forests and rangeland need fire, and they will burn. By igniting prescribed fires, we can maximize the chance that they will burn on our terms with acceptable effects.

Or, we can wait until they burn on their own terms, with less control over the effects. The choice is ours.



Prescribed fire is one the most practical ways to reduce dangerous accumulations of combustible forest fuels.

“In order to restore fire to its natural role in forests and rangeland, we ignite prescribed fires in the spring and fall when weather conditions allow for slow, lower intensity burning.”

Introduction

Prescribed Fire and Air Quality

While prescribed fires have proven to be very successful in creating the conditions necessary for healthy forests and rangelands, there is a troublesome side effect of smoke.

To minimize the impacts of smoke, land managers work closely with the National Weather Service, Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) in both planning and implementing prescribed fires.

To ensure that air quality meets federal and state standards and to lessen impacts from smoke while prescribed fires are being conducted, federal and state public land managers and regulatory agencies in Idaho and Montana have formed a partnership, known as the “Montana/Idaho State Airshed Group.” Before prescribed fires are ignited, public land managers in Idaho and Montana submit their plans to the Montana/Idaho State Airshed Group Monitoring Unit, based in Missoula, Montana. The monitoring unit reviews existing air quality levels along with weather conditions to determine which prescribed fires can be ignited and which, if any, must be delayed to ensure that air quality meets federal and state standards. If air quality approaches unhealthy levels, public land managers delay igniting prescribed fires. For more information about the Montana/Idaho State Airshed Group, visit their web site at www.smokemu.org.

Restrictions on prescribed burning are imposed when the 24-hour average air quality measurements exceed or are likely to exceed the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for PM 2.5 micrometers established under the Clean Air Act and revisions. As part of statewide emergency practices, DEQ can restrict open burning, including prescribed fire when



PM levels are reached and likely to persist. The emergency practices are designed to protect the health and safety of the public, especially sensitive people that are likely to be affected by higher concentrations of PM.

To ensure smoke dispersion during prescribed fires, land managers monitor atmospheric conditions closely before prescribed fires are ignited. Factors evaluated include air movement, wind direction and speed, atmospheric stability, and long-range weather forecasts. Yet even in favorable conditions, the air will still become smoky. Often, although the air is smoky, it still meets federal and state air quality standards.

For additional air quality information that includes the current 1-hour and 10 day histories of PM 2.5 use this web address:
<http://airquality.deq.idaho.gov/>

For More Information: Detailed descriptions of each project are available on our website (www.rxfire.com) along with a local contact number to discuss the project. Prescribed fires must be ignited under certain weather conditions, both to achieve natural resource management objectives and to meet air quality standards. It is difficult to state exactly when they will occur. Burns planned for each day can be found on line at www.smokemu.org. Individuals potentially affected by prescribed fires are encouraged to refer to this web site on a daily basis during the spring and fall burning seasons so that they can make adjustments in their plans, accordingly.

For daily planned ignitions go to
www.smokemu.org

For specific project information go to the Southwest Idaho Prescribed Fire Website
www.rxfire.com

Hazardous Fuel Reduction

Using Mechanical and Fire Treatments Together Near Communities at Risk

Local public land managers are working diligently to manage vegetation (fuels) within fire-adapted ecosystems. This effort is an integral strategy to reduce the occurrence of uncharacteristic wildfires and reduce the threat of wildfire in the Wildland Urban Interface. With increased emphasis to protect wildland urban interface areas managers are using mechanical treatment methods in combination with prescribed fire.

For several years, land managers primarily used management-ignited fires or prescribed burns in areas where vegetative conditions and fuel loading allowed successful and efficient use of fire. Prescribed fire is used to begin the restoration process in fire adapted ecosystems. These low intensity burns are used to maintain desired vegetative conditions and reduce fuel buildup.

Prescribed fire alone as the first treatment is not always feasible because of the current density of the vegetation and fuel loading. Dense vegetation near the forest floor and extending up to the crowns of trees predisposes some areas to severe wildland fires, potentially leaving watersheds, species, and people at risk.

Thickets of small understory trees fill a site and treatment often requires a combination of initial mechanical work followed by prescribed fire to safely or effectively use fire.

Both prescribed fire and mechanical methods are being integrated to change fire behavior, making it safer for the public and firefighters when homes must be protected in the wildland urban interface.



Mechanical thinning followed by prescribed fire is an effective way to reduce vegetation (fuel) and reduce the intensity of a wildland fire burning into the area.

Firewise

For more information on Firewise program log on to the website at:

www.firewise.org



Idaho Department of Lands

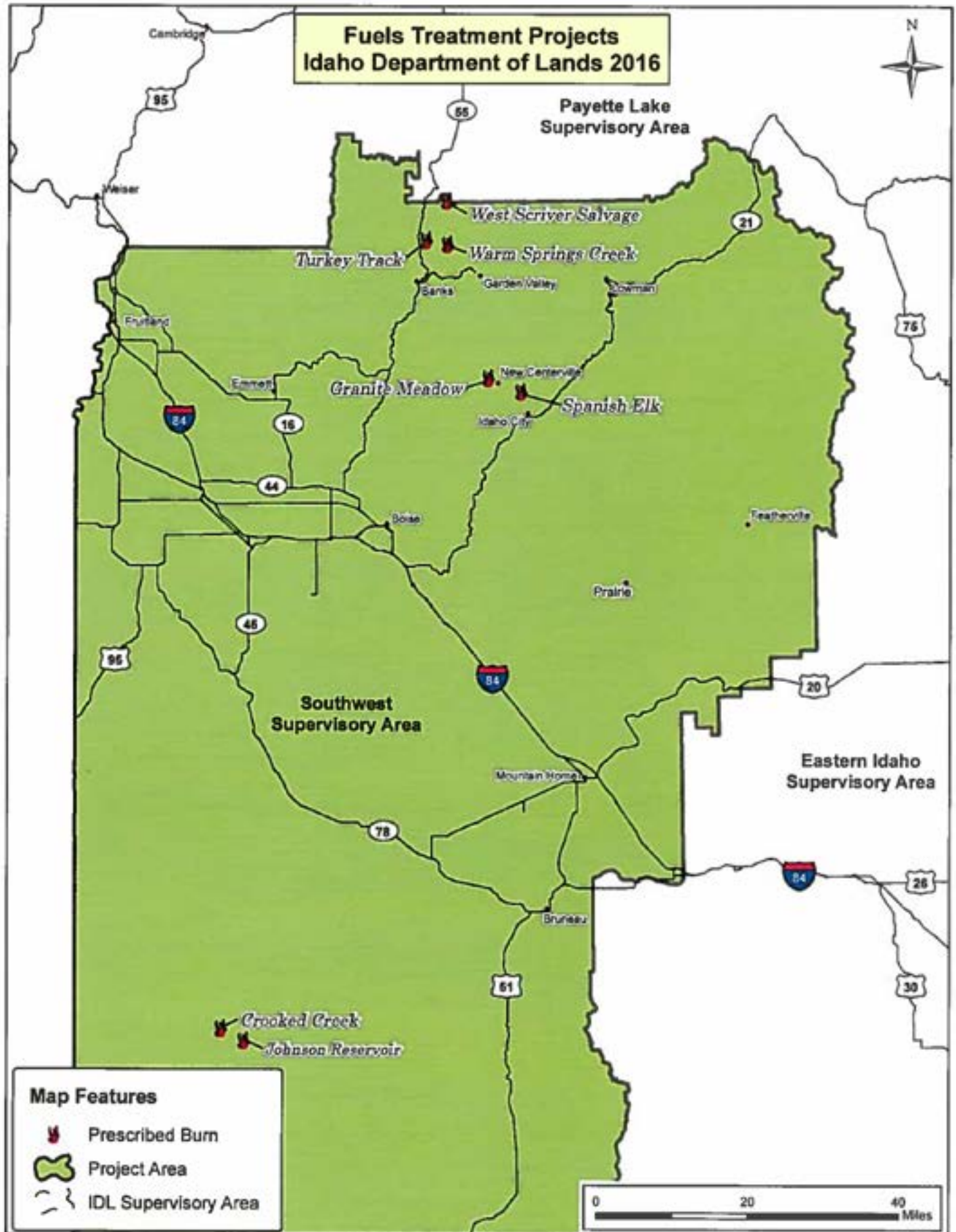


Idaho Department of Lands – 4,052

Total Acres of Prescribed Fire Planned for Spring – 0

Total Acres of Prescribed Fire Planned for Fall – 4,052

Total Acres of Mechanical Treatment Planned for the Year – 0



Idaho Department of Lands

Idaho Department of Lands Southwest Supervisory Area

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Warm Springs Creek	T9N,R03E Section: 1 T10N, R03E Section: 25 T10N,R05E Section: 36 T10N, R04E Section(s): 30-31 LaULong N44.14900 W116.04984	Pile and jackpot burning using terra-torch and hand ignition	The project is located approximately 6.75 air miles south of Smith's Ferry, Idaho and 7 air miles north east of Banks, Idaho.	417 Treated 300 Completed	Fall 2016	Rick Finis (208) 334-3488
West Scriver Salvage	T10N,R03E Section: 1 T11N, R03E Section: 36 LaULong N44.22217 W116.03797	Pile and jackpot burning using terra-torch and hand ignition	The project is located approximately 7 air miles south east of Smith's Ferry, Idaho and 8.5 air miles north west of Crouch, Idaho.	243	Fall 2016	Rick Finis (208) 334-3488
Turkey Track Ton	T09N,R03E Sections: 2,3,4,9 T10N,R03E Sections: 16,21,22,27,28, 33,34,35 LaULong N44.15761 W116.08961	Pile and jackpot burning using terra-torch and hand ignition	The project is located approximately 9 air miles south of Smith's Ferry, Idaho and 6.5 air miles north east of Banks, Idaho.	991	Fall 2016	Rick Finis (208) 334-3488
Spanish Elk Ton	T06N,R05E Sections: 9,10,11,14,15,16 LaULong N43.86858 W115.87036	Pile and jackpot burning using terra-torch and/or hand ignition	The project is located approximately 6.5 air miles north west of Idaho City, Idaho.	652	Fall 2016	Rick Finis (208) 334-3488
Granite Meadow Ton	T06N,R04E Sections: 1,2,11,12 T07N,R04E Sections:25,35,36 LaVLong N43.89367 W115.94156	Pile and jackpot burning using terra-torch and/or hand ignition	The project is located approximately 1.5 air miles south west of Centerville, Idaho and 3 air miles south east of Placerville, Idaho.	1,289	Fall 2016	Rick Finis (208) 334-3488

Idaho Department of Lands

Idaho Department of lands Southwest Supervisory Area continued

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Crooked Creek	T9S, 3W Sec 1 & 12 LaVLong 42.663181 -116.645056	Pile and jackpot burning using terra-torch and/or hand ignition	The project is located approximately 6.3 air miles north west of Mud Flat Guard Station.	120	Fall 2016	Rick Finis (208) 334-3488
Johnson Reservoir	T9S,R2W Sec 16-18 LaULong 42.639903 -116.586683	Pile and jackpot burning using terra-torch and/or hand ignition	The project is located approximately 3 air miles north west of Mud Flat Guard Station.	640	Fall 2016	Rick Finis (208) 334-3488



Bureau of Land Management



Bureau of Land Management – 2,196

Total Acres of Prescribed Fire Planned for Spring – *1,800

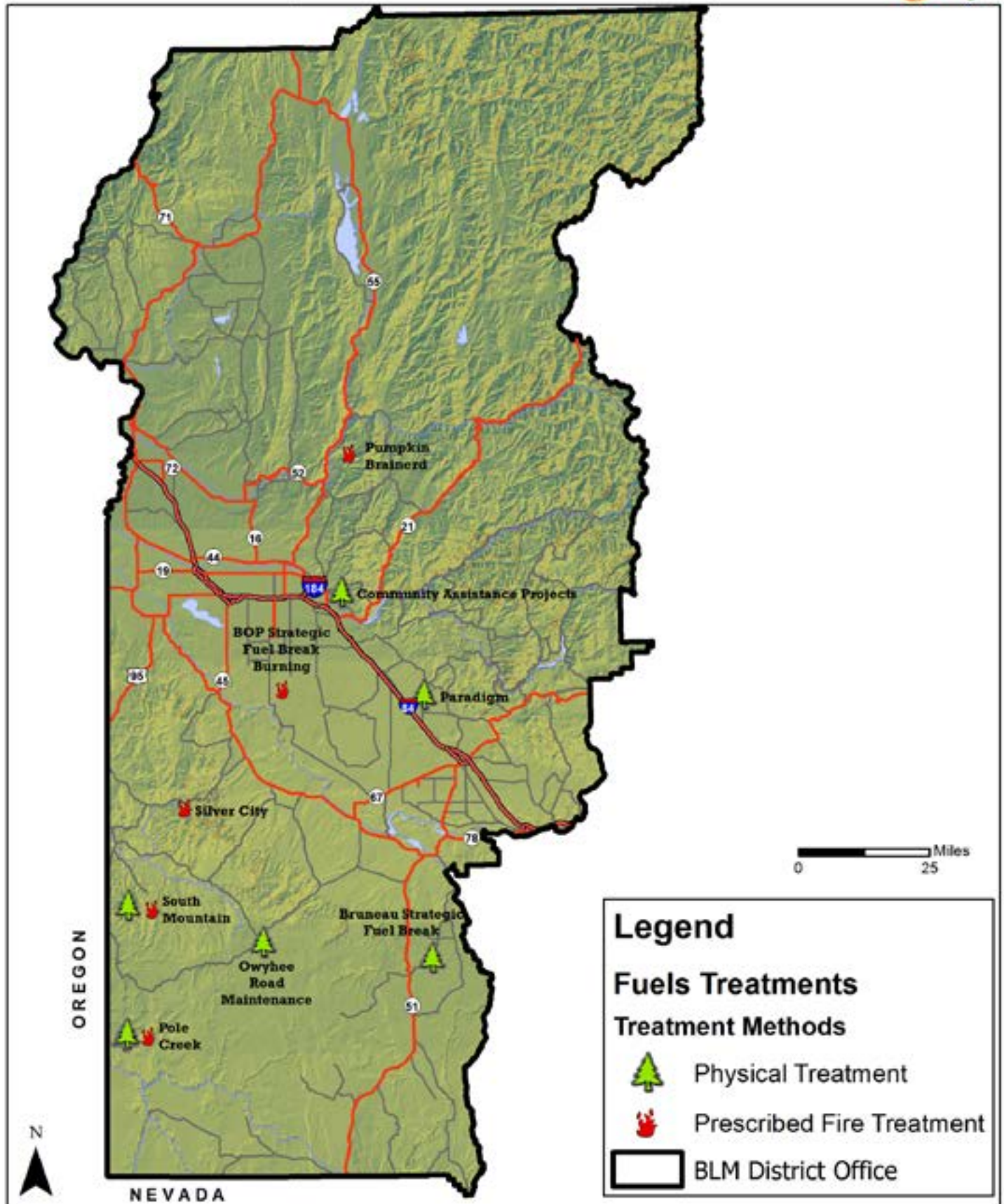
Total Acres of Prescribed Fire Planned for Fall – 396

Total Acres of Mechanical Treatment Planned for the Year – 4,244

Total Acres of Chemical Treatment Planned for the Year – 1,824

**Prescribed fires that are planned for spring but cannot be ignited due to weather or other factors may be ignited in the fall.*

Fuel Treatment Projects - Boise District BLM 2016



Bureau of Land Management

Fuels Treatments on the Boise District BLM

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Silver City Pile Burn	T5S, R3W Section: 36 Lat/Long 43.0167 -116.7333	Prescribed Fire	This project will take place near Silver City in the Sinker Creek Drainage and involves burning hand piles created by juniper thinning project to reduce hazardous fuels in the WUI along a travel corridor.	200	Fall 2016	Owyhee Field Office Ben Sitz (208) 384-3387
South Mountain	T9S, R5W Section: 3 Lat/Long 42.6693 -116.9093	Mechanical	This project is located 21 miles SE of Jordan Valley, OR in Owyhee County. The project will be conducted in partnership with the Agriculture Research Service and Private Land Owners to study hydrological impacts of juniper encroachment. Treatment will consist of Juniper felling and girdling by hand.	64	Summer 2016	Owyhee Field Office Ben Sitz (208) 384-3387
South Mountain	T9S, R5W Section: 3 Lat/Long 42.6693 -116.9093	Prescribed Fire	This project is located 21 miles SE of Jordan Valley, OR in Owyhee County. The project will involve prescribed burning 196 acres of Juniper to study hydrological impacts of juniper encroachment.	196	Fall 2016	Owyhee Field Office Ben Sitz (208) 384-3387
Pole Creek	T11S, R5W Section: 21 Lat/Long 43.4523 -116.9431	Mechanical	This project is located 35 miles SE of Jordan Valley, OR in Owyhee County. Treatment will consist of a combination of hand treatments on juniper such as felling and girdling to reduce conifer encroachment in sagebrush-steppe.	2000	Spring through Fall 2016	Owyhee Field Office Ben Sitz (208) 384-3387

Bureau of Land Management

Fuels Treatments on the Boise District BLM continued

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Pole Creek	T11S, R5W Section: 21 Lat/Long 43.4523 -116.9431	Prescribed Fire	This project is located 35 miles SE of Jordan Valley, OR in Owyhee County. Treatment will involve jackpot prescribed burning within the Pole Creek Project area aimed at reducing concentrations of heavy fuels from juniper removal.	1,400	Spring 2016	Owyhee Field Office Ben Sitz (208)384-3387
Owyhee Road Maintenance	T10S, R4E Section:14 Lat/Long 42.5543 -115.9540	Mechanical	This project is located within Owyhee County and focuses on maintaining and improving existing roads for fire suppression access within critical sage-grouse habitat. This is in partnership with state and county entities.	446	Spring through Winter 2016	Owyhee and Bruneau Field Offices Ben Sitz (208)384-3387
Bruneau Strategic Fuel Breaks	T10S, R4E Section:14 Lat/Long 42.5543 -115.9540	Chemical	This project is located 20 miles south of Bruneau, ID and includes chemical treatments within past mowing treatments. Chemical treatments will be targeted at potential noxious and invasive species that may be found.	1,536	Fall 2016	Bruneau Field Office Ben Sitz (208)384-3387
Snake River Birds of Prey Strategic Fuel Break Burning	T2S, R1E Section: 9 Lat/Long 43.3407 -116.3623	Prescribed Fire	This project will reduce Russian thistle accumulations by 70-100% in the Elmore and Ada county area generally north/south between I-84 and the Snake River, and east/west between Mtn. Home & Kuna.	200	Winter/ Spring 2016	Birds of Prey and Bruneau Field Offices Ben Sitz (208)384-3387

Bureau of Land Management

Fuels Treatments on the Boise District BLM continued

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Paradigm	T2S, R6E Section: 2 Lat/Long 43.1075 -115.4827	Mechanical Chemical	This project is located north of Mountain Home, ID and consists of multiple treatments along established roadways to provide a network of fuel breaks that will assist in enhancing firefighting abilities.	1460 288	Summer/ Fall 2016	Four Rivers Field Office Ben Sitz (208)384-3387
Pumpkin Brainerd	T8N, R3E Section: 21,22 Lat/Long 44.0245 -116.0853	Prescribed Fire	This project is located 9 miles NE of Horseshoe Bend, ID and includes hand ignition of hand piles from mistletoe thinning that occurred in 2013.	200	Winter 2016	Four Rivers Field Office Ben Sitz (208)384-3387
Community Assistance Projects		Mechanical	This project encompasses treatments within the Wildland Urban Interface and aims at protecting communities from the threats of wildland fires. Treatments are located in or near Mountain Home and Boise, Idaho	274	Winter through Fall 2016	Four Rivers Field Office Josh Renz (208)384-3481



USDA Forest Service

Boise National Forest – 7,442

Total Acres of Prescribed Fire Planned for Spring – *6,221

Total Acres of Prescribed Fire Planned for Fall – 1,221

Total Acres of Mechanical Treatment Planned for the Year – 5,684

Payette National Forest – 13,463

Total Acres of Prescribed Fire Planned for Spring – *11,733

Total Acres of Prescribed Fire Planned for Fall – 1,730

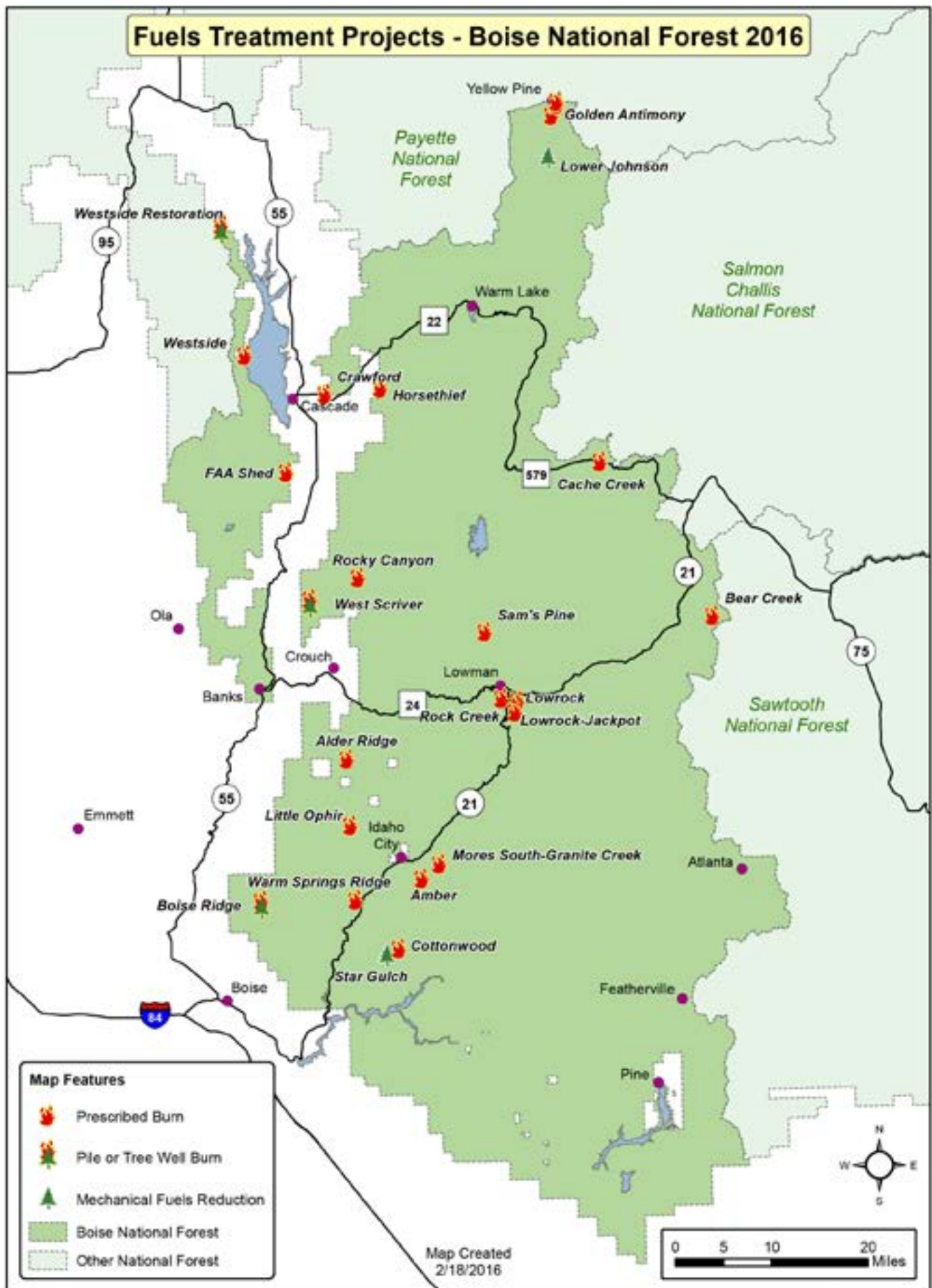
Total Acres of Mechanical Treatment Planned for the Year – 5,000

**Prescribed fires that are planned for spring but cannot be ignited due to weather or other factors may be ignited in the fall.*



Boise National Forest

Ranger District	Total Planned Acres	Acres of Mechanical Treatment Planned
Cascade	1,074	0
Emmett	2,014	0
Idaho City	1,350	500
Lowman	1,354	0
Mountain Home	1,650	5,184



Boise National Forest

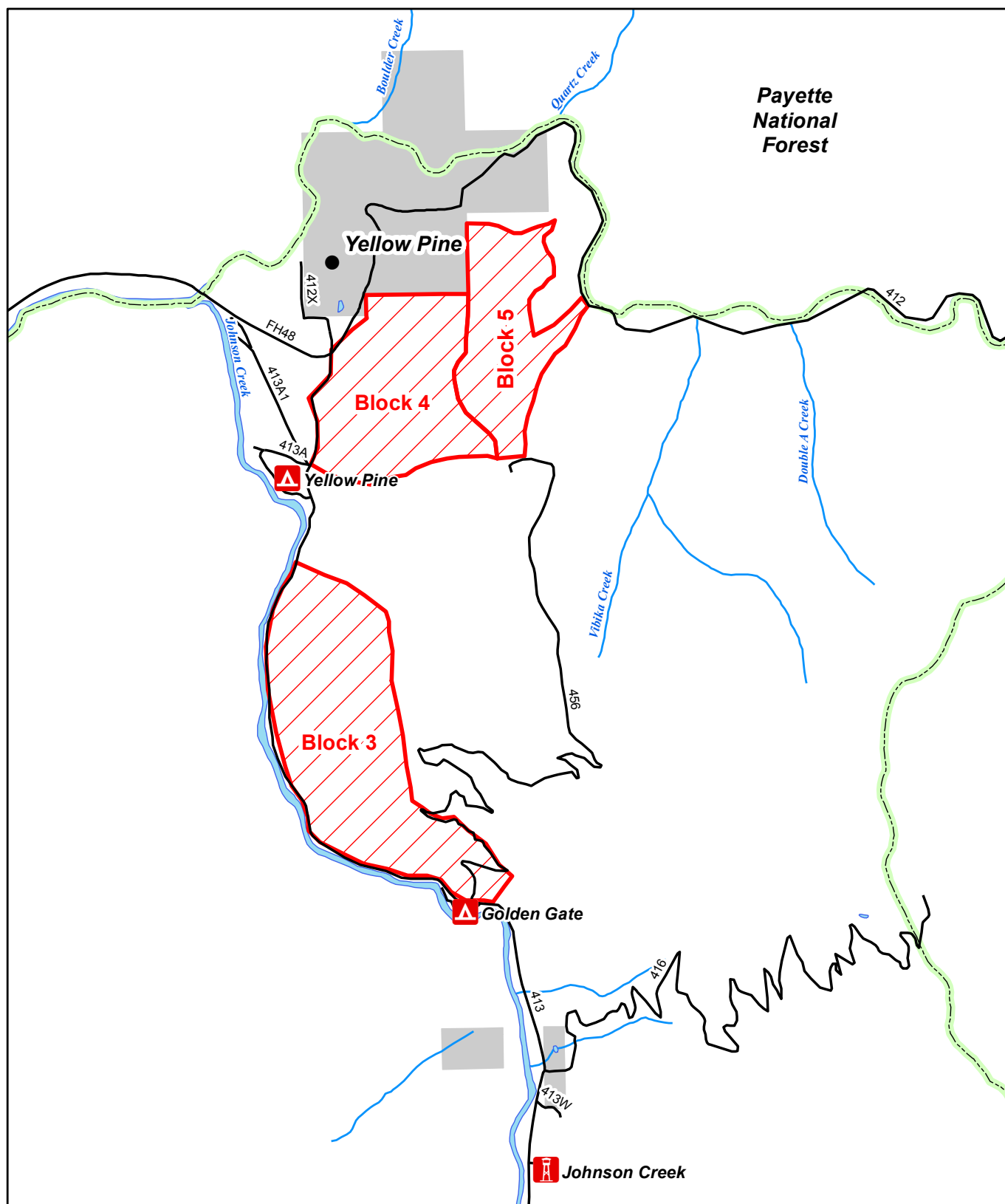
Cascade Ranger District

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Golden Antimony Block 3	T19N, R8E Section(s): 28, 32-33 Lat/Long 44.94282 -115.49405	Prescribed fire using hand and aerial ignition	This project is located approximately 1 mile south of Yellow Pine, Idaho.	300	Spring/Fall 2016	Cascade Ranger District James Bishop (208) 382-7400
Golden Antimony Block 4	T19N, R8E Section: 28 Lat/Long 44.95918 -115.48161	Prescribed fire using hand and aerial ignition	This project is located approximately ½ mile south of Yellow Pine, Idaho.	147	Spring/Fall 2016	Cascade Ranger District James Bishop (208) 382-7400
Golden Antimony Block 5	T19N, R8E Section(s): 28, 21 Lat/Long 44.96322 -115.48368	Prescribed fire using hand and aerial ignition	This project is located approximately ½ mile south of Yellow Pine, Idaho.	102	Spring/Fall 2016	Cascade Ranger District James Bishop (208) 382-7400
Crawford Unit #4	T14N, R4E Section(s): 21 Lat/Long 44.31.44.35 -115.58.53.67	Prescribed burn using hand ignition for site preparation	This project is located approximately 4 miles Northeast of Cascade, Idaho.	8	Spring/Fall 2016	Cascade Ranger District James Bishop (208) 382-7400
Lower Johnson	T18N, R8E Section(s): 9,16,20,29,32 Lat/Long 44.87948 -115.50368	Hand thin	This project is located 8 miles south of Yellow Pine, Idaho.	92	Spring/ Summer/Fall 2016	Cascade Ranger District James Bishop (208) 382-7400

Boise National Forest

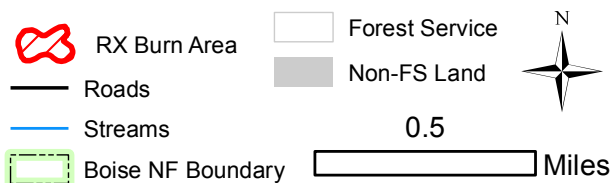
Cascade Ranger District continued

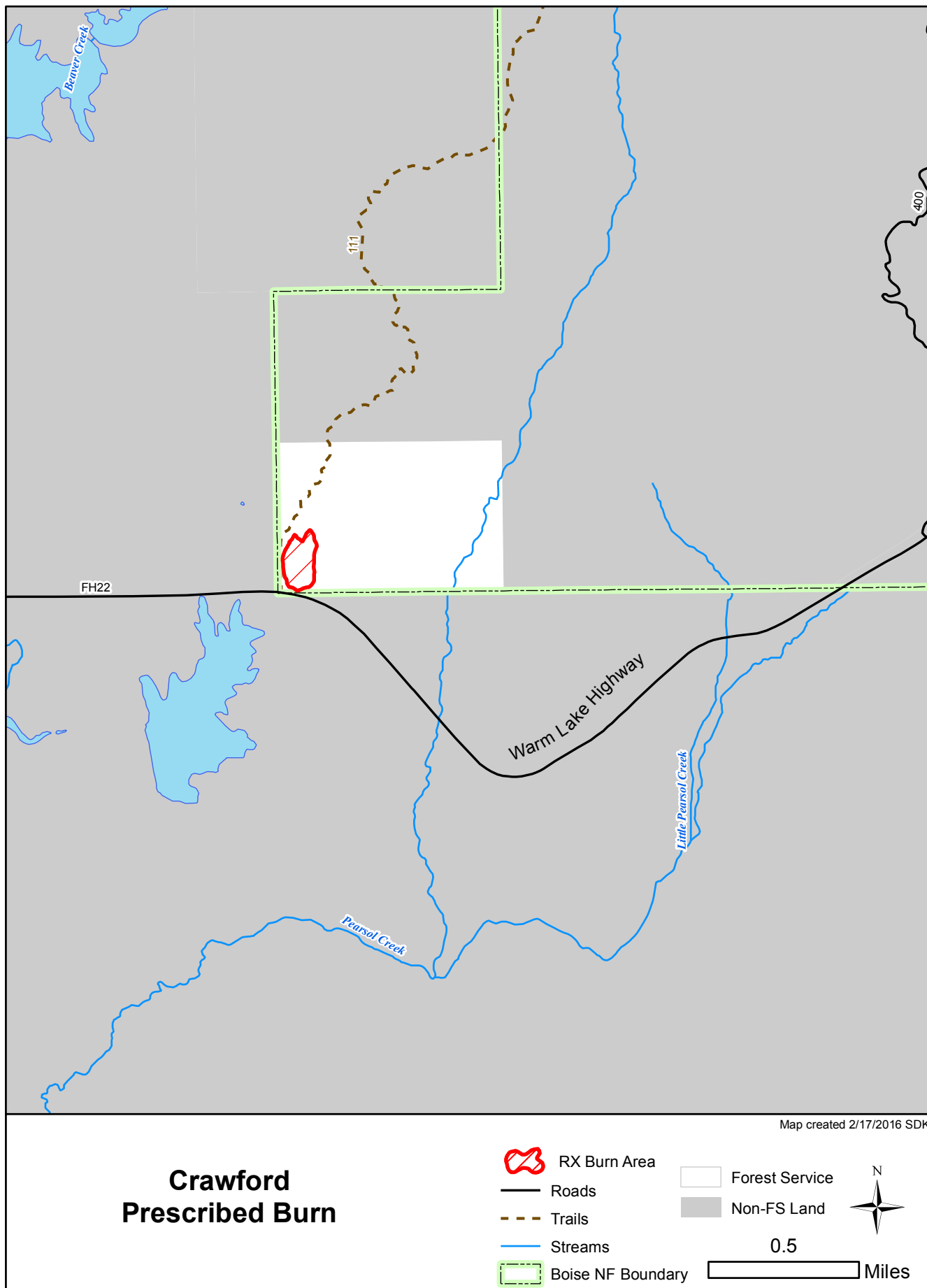
Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Horsethief Project	T14N, R5E Section(s): 16, 20-21 Lat/Long 44.53725 -115.86418	Prescribed burn using hand and aerial ignition in wildland urban interface	This project is located east of Cascade, Idaho approximately 3 miles northeast of Horsethief Reservoir in Valley County.	360	Spring/Fall 2016	Cascade Ranger District James Bishop (208) 382-7400
FAA Shed	T13N, R3E Section(s): 34 Lat/Long 44.4101 -116.07990	Prescribed burn using hand ignition in wildland urban interface	This project is located east of Cascade, Idaho approximately 10 miles southwest of Cascade, ID.	4	Spring/Fall 2016	Cascade Ranger District James Bishop (208) 382-7400
Westside Restoration Project Units 8B, 8E, & 3A	T15N, R2E Section(s): 1 T15N, R3E Section: 6 T16N R3E Section 35 Lat/Long 44.5758 -116.13085	Prescribed burning of hand piles using hand ignition.	This project is located approximately 15 miles west of Cascade, Idaho.	8	Spring/Fall 2016	Cascade Ranger District James Bishop (208) 382-7400
Westside Restoration Project Units 39, 40, & 41	T15N, R3E Section(s): 19, 29 Lat/Long 44.5266 -116.14909	Prescribed burn using hand ignition for site preparation	This project is located approximately 15 miles west of Cascade, Idaho.	53	Fall 2016	Cascade Ranger District James Bishop (208) 382-7400

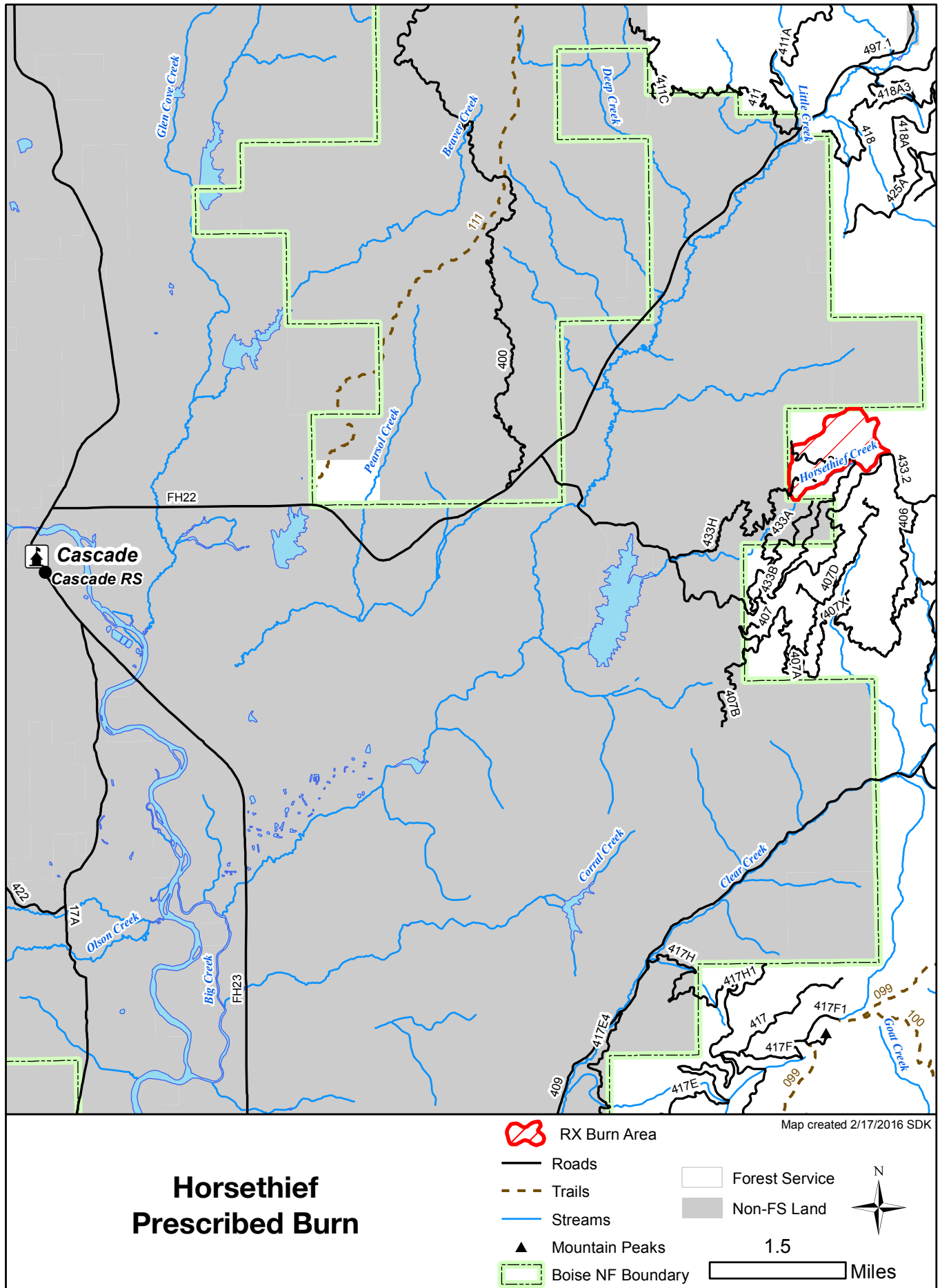


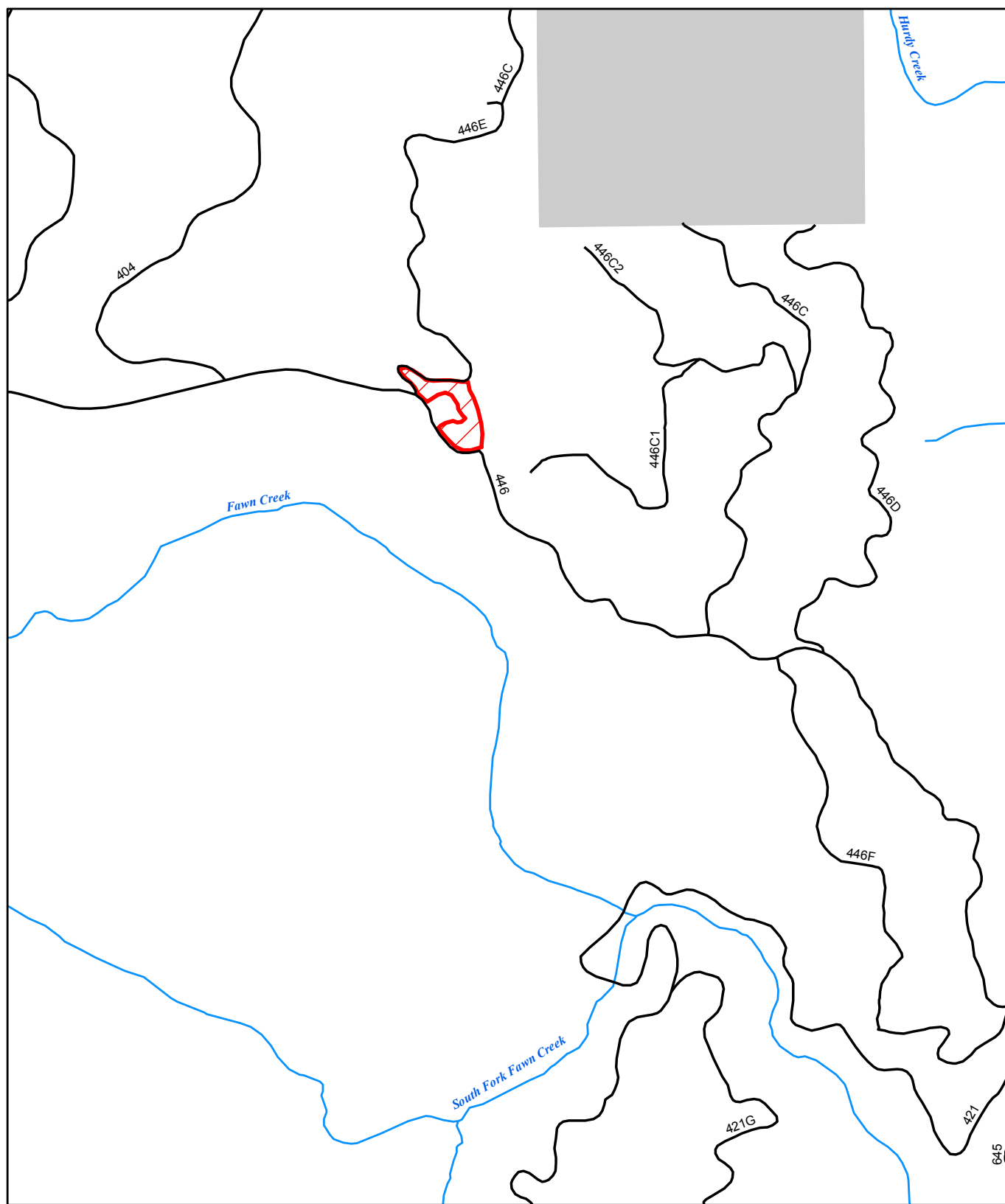
Map created 2/17/2016 SDK

Golden Antimony Blocks 3, 4, & 5 Prescribed Burn









Map created 2/17/2016 SDK

FAA Shed Prescribed Burn



RX Burn Area



Roads



Streams



Boise NF Boundary



Forest Service

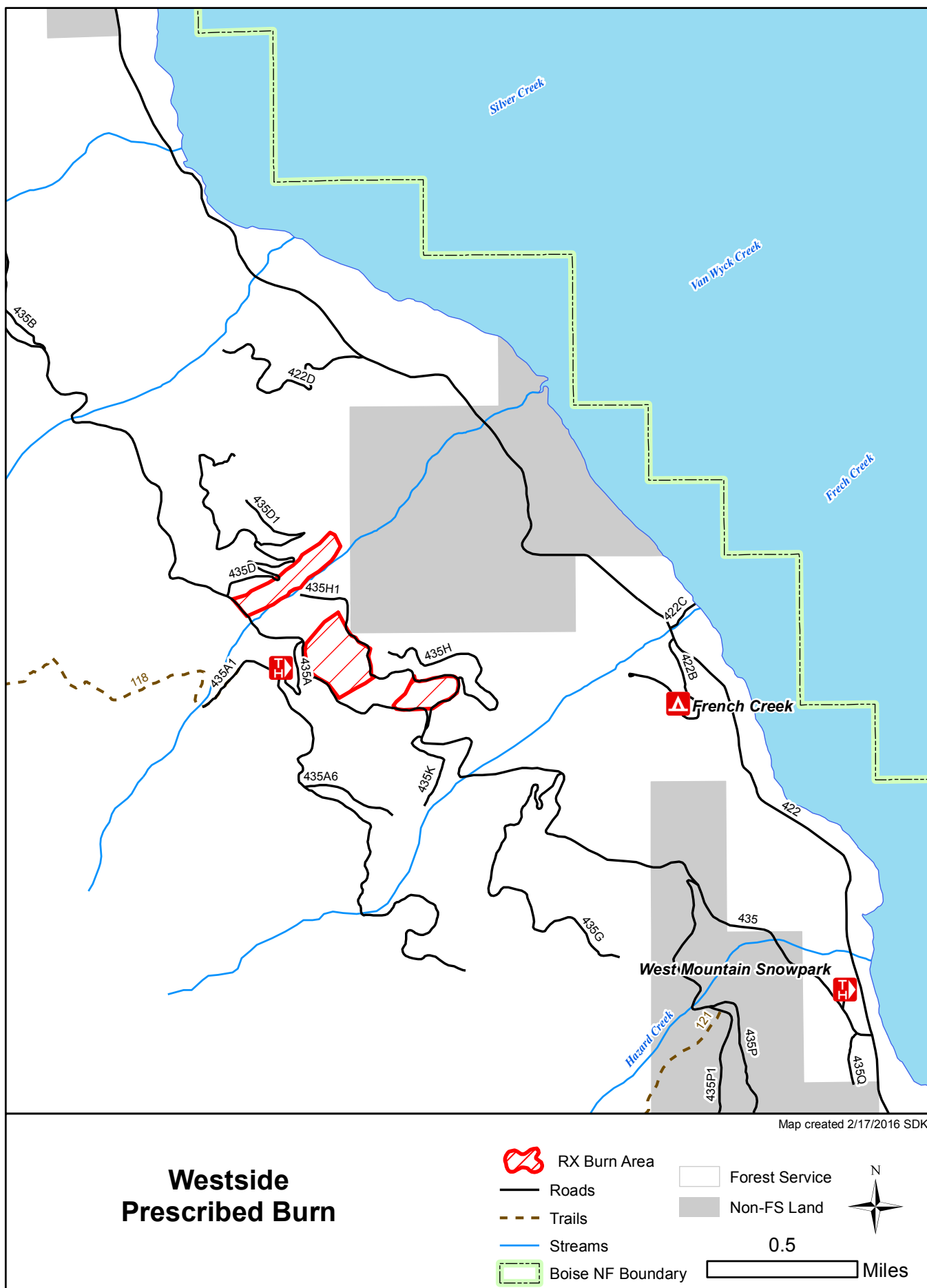


Non-FS Land



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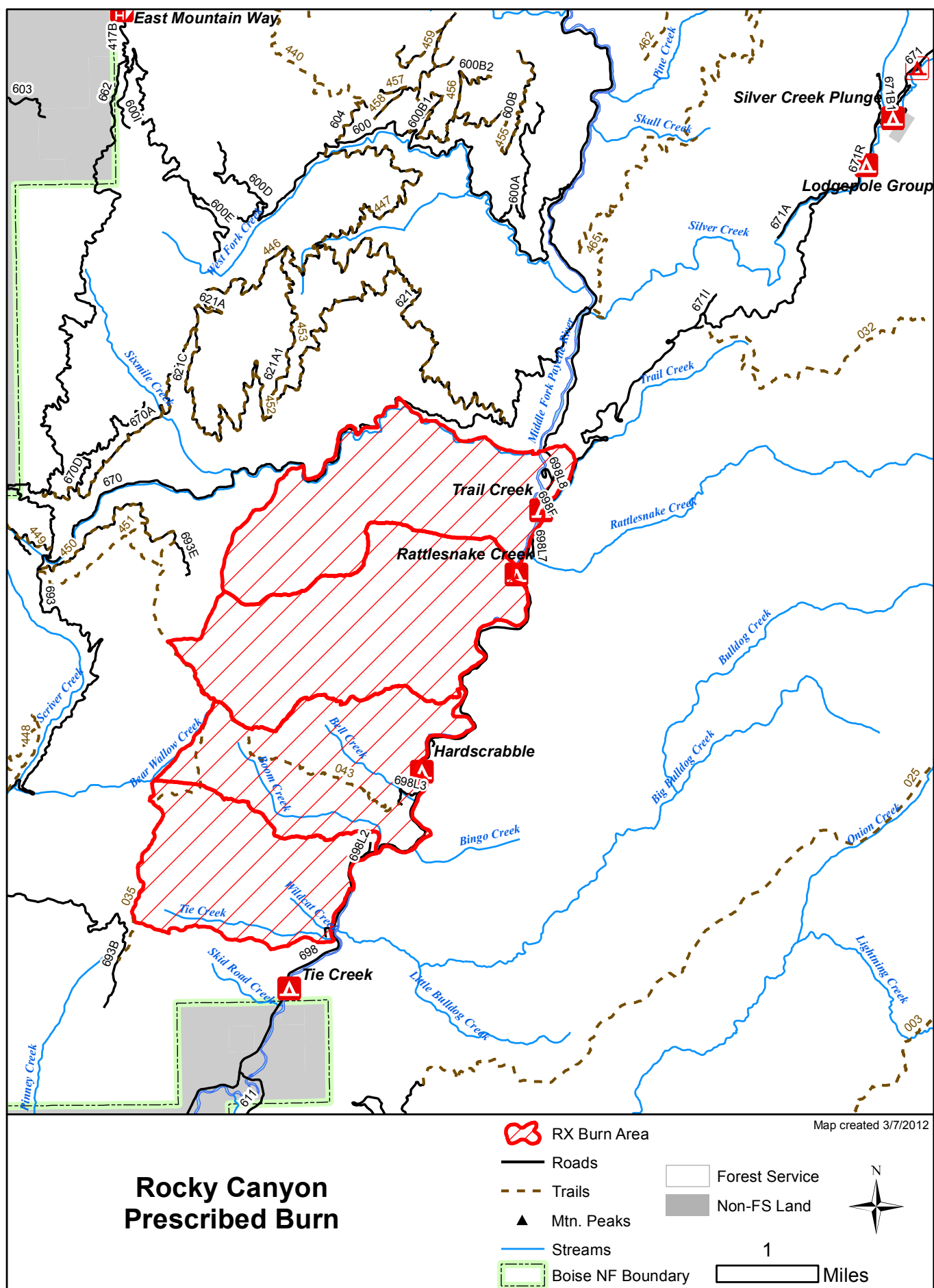
Miles



Boise National Forest

Emmett Ranger District

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Rocky Canyon Restoration Prescribed Under-burn	T11N, R5E Section 20 Lat/Long 44.275 -115.891	Prescribed restoration burn using aerial ignition in Bear Wallow Roadless Area	This project is located approximately 12 miles north of Crouch, ID in Valley County. Project is west of the Middle Fork Payette River off FS Road 698 North of Bell Creek South of Six Mile Creek.	2000	Spring 2016	Emmett Ranger District Justin Yankey (208) 365-7000
Scriver Timber Sale	T10N, R4E Section 18 Lat/Long 44.199 -116.027	Prescribe burn landings from slash created from timber sale.	This project is located northeast of Crouch, ID in Boise County. The timber sale is off FS Road 695; in the Scriver Creek drainage. Roadside landings will be burned that were created for slash activities from the timber sale.	14	Fall of 2016	Emmett Ranger District Justin Yankey (208) 365-7000



Boise National Forest

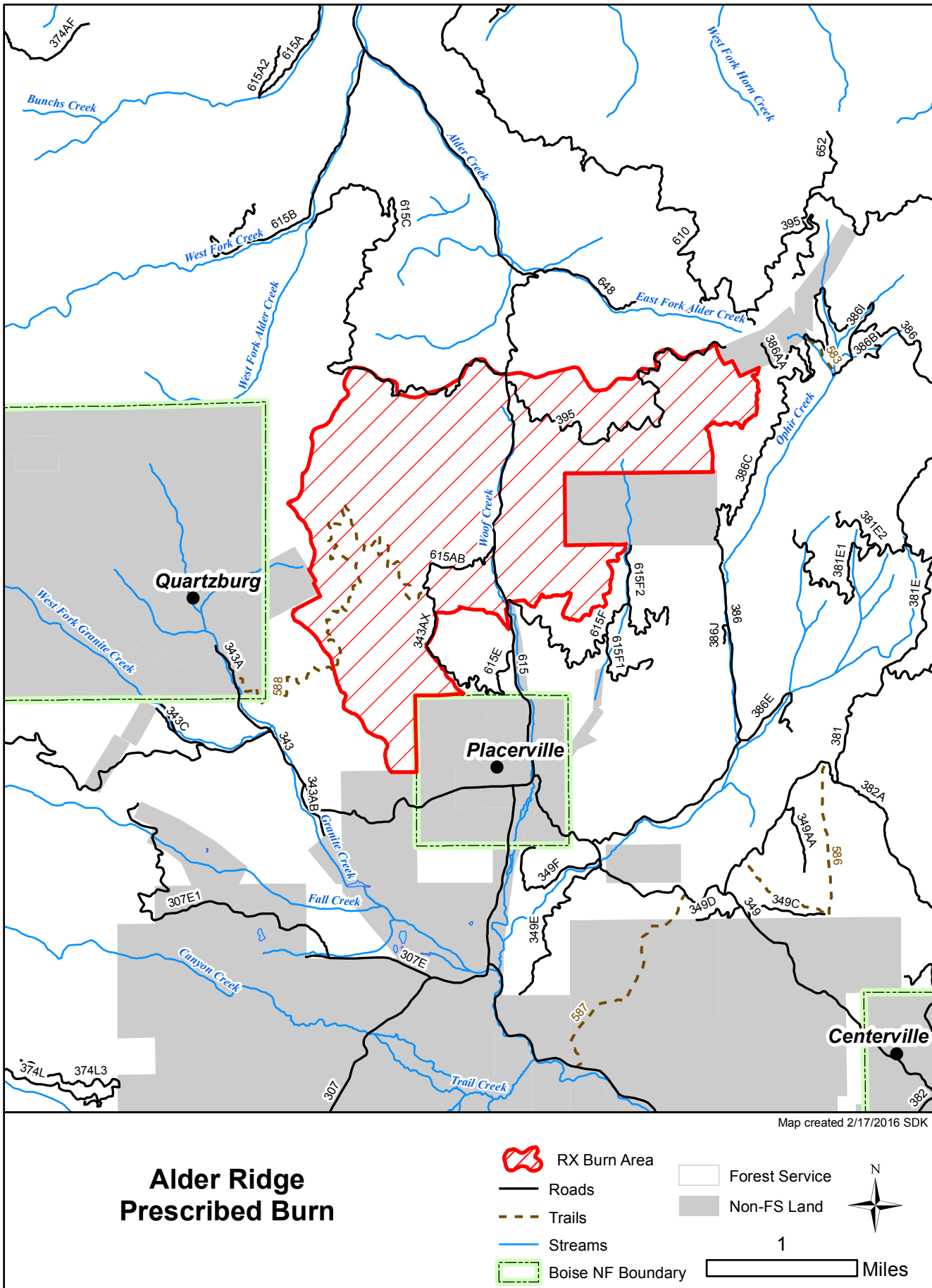
Idaho City Ranger District

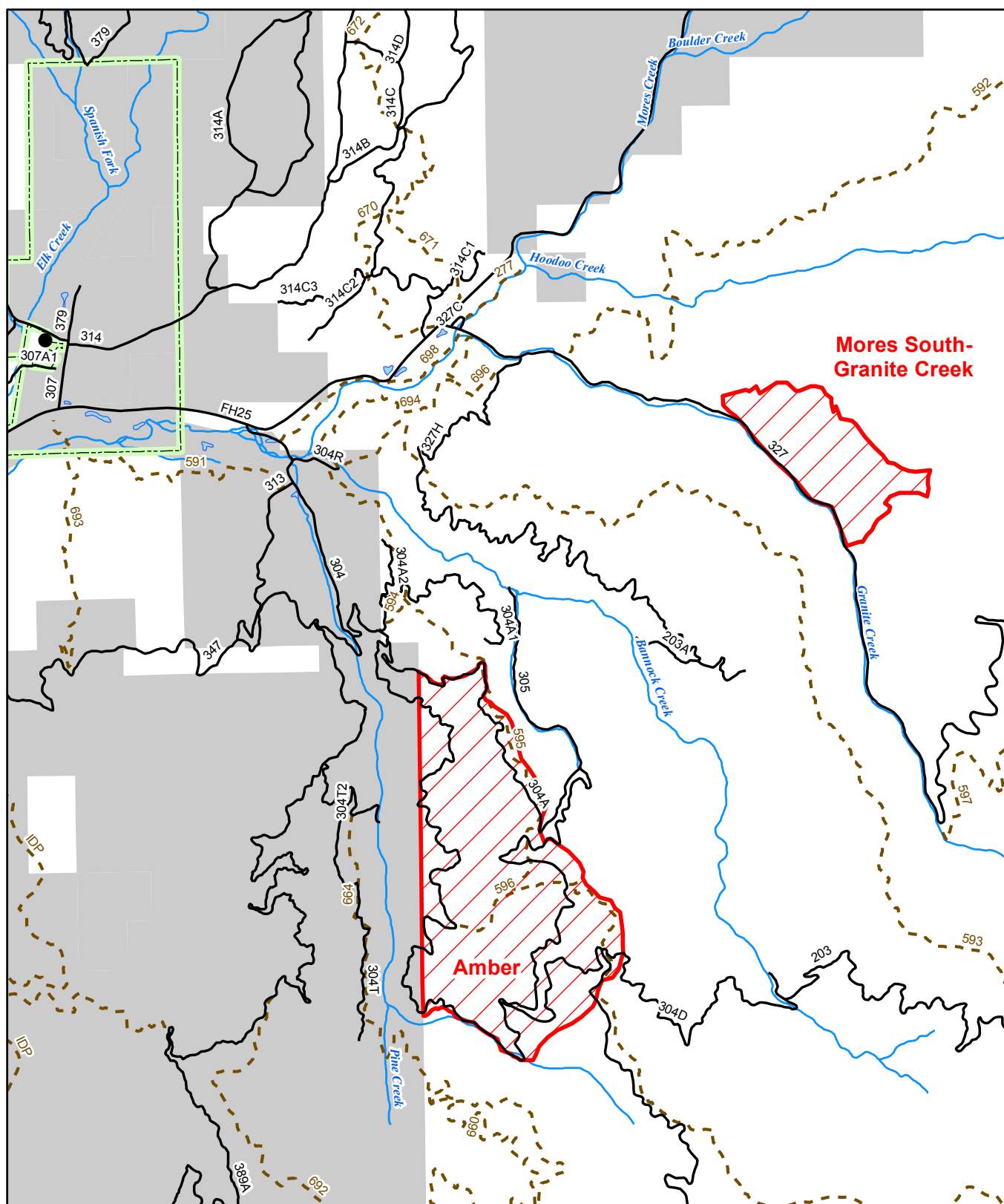
Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Alder Ridge	T7N, R4E Section(s): 1-2 Lat/Long 43.980295 -115.944277	Prescribed burn using hand ignition	This burn is planned approximately 1 mile north of Placerville, Idaho.	100	Spring/ Fall 2016	Idaho City RD Allyn Spanfellner (208) 392-3721
Warm Springs Ridge Hand	T5N, R4E Section(s): 13,14,23-26 Lat/Long 43.768 -115.931	Prescribed burn using hand ignition	This burn is planned to take place approximately 4 miles west of Idaho City, Idaho.	200	Spring/ Fall 2016	Idaho City RD Allyn Spanfellner (208) 392-3721
Warm Springs Ridge Aerial	T5N, R4E Section(s): 13-14,23-26 Lat/Long 43.768 -115.931	Prescribed burn using aerial ignition	This is a burn planned to take place approximately 4 miles west of Idaho City, Idaho.	600	Spring/ Fall 2016	Idaho City RD Allyn Spanfellner (208) 392-3721
Amber	T5N, R6E Section: 6 Lat/Long 43.7988 -115.7922	Low intensity prescribed burn using hand ignition	This is a modified tree-well burn for the Boise Basin Experimental Forest to analyze effects of duff accumulations and post fire mortality about 2 miles east of Idaho City, Idaho.	300	Spring 2016	Idaho City RD Allyn Spanfellner (208) 392-3721

Boise National Forest

Idaho City Ranger District continued

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Mores South-Granite Creek	T6N, R6E Section: 28 Lat/Long 43.8206 -115.7558	Prescribed Burn using hand ignition	This burn is planned to take place approximately 3 miles east of Idaho City, Idaho.	50	Spring/Fall 2016	Idaho City RD Allyn Spanfellner (208) 392-3721
Little Ophir	T5N, R7E Section: 7 Lat/Long 43.880 -115.939	Prescribed Burn using hand ignition	This is a burn project approximately 4 miles west of Pioneerville, Idaho.	100	Spring/Fall 2016	Idaho City RD Allyn Spanfellner (208) 392-3721
Mores South-Thinning	T6N, R6E Section: 28 Lat/Long 43.8206 -115.7558	Mechanical understory thinning	This is a mechanical project planned to take place approximately 3 miles east of Idaho City, Idaho.	500	Summer 2016	Idaho City RD Allyn Spanfellner (208) 392-3721





Map created 2/17/2016 SDK

Amber & Mores South-Granite Creek Prescribed Burn



RX Burn Area



Roads



Trails



Streams



Boise NF Boundary



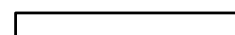
Forest Service



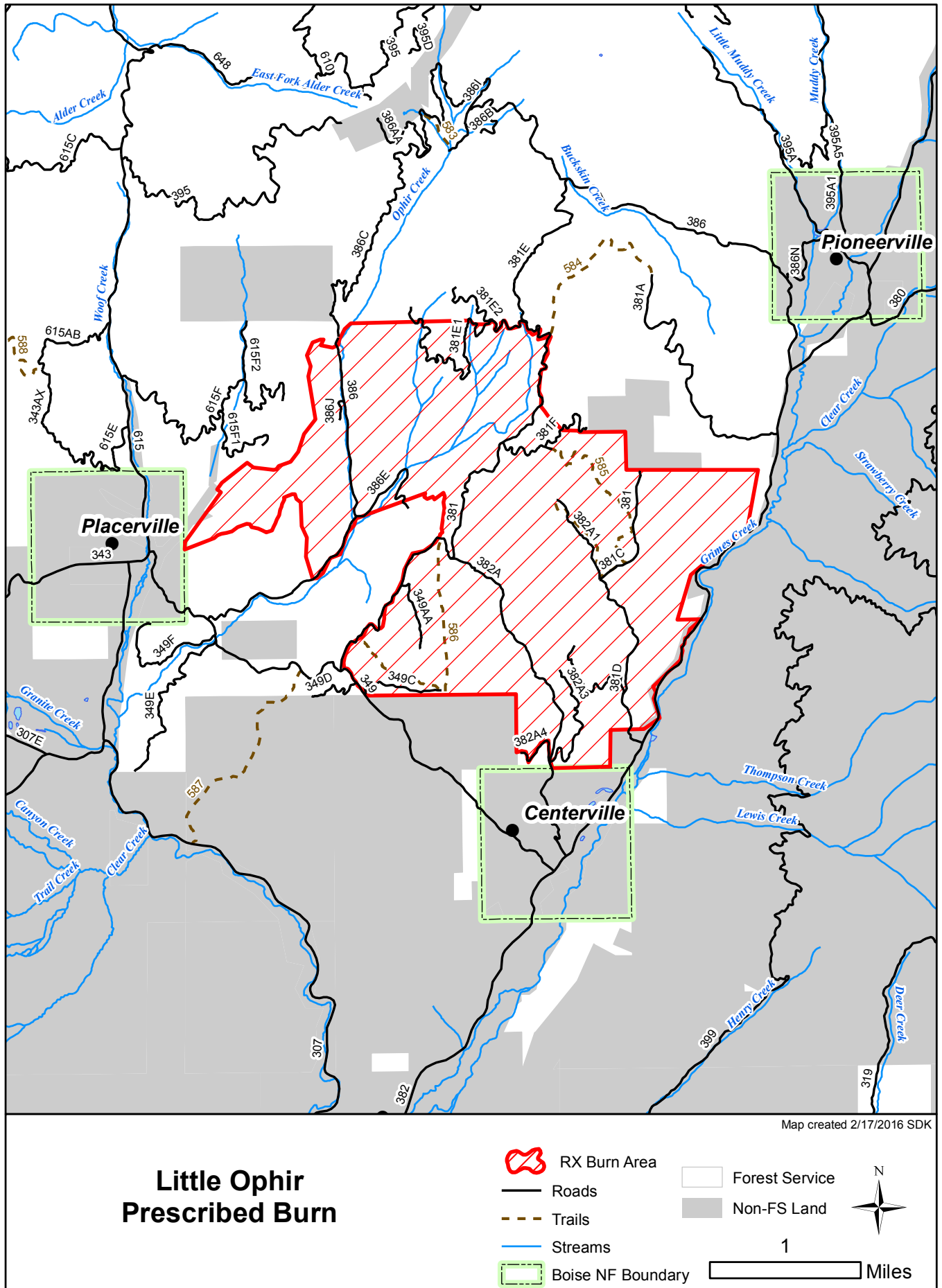
Non-FS Land

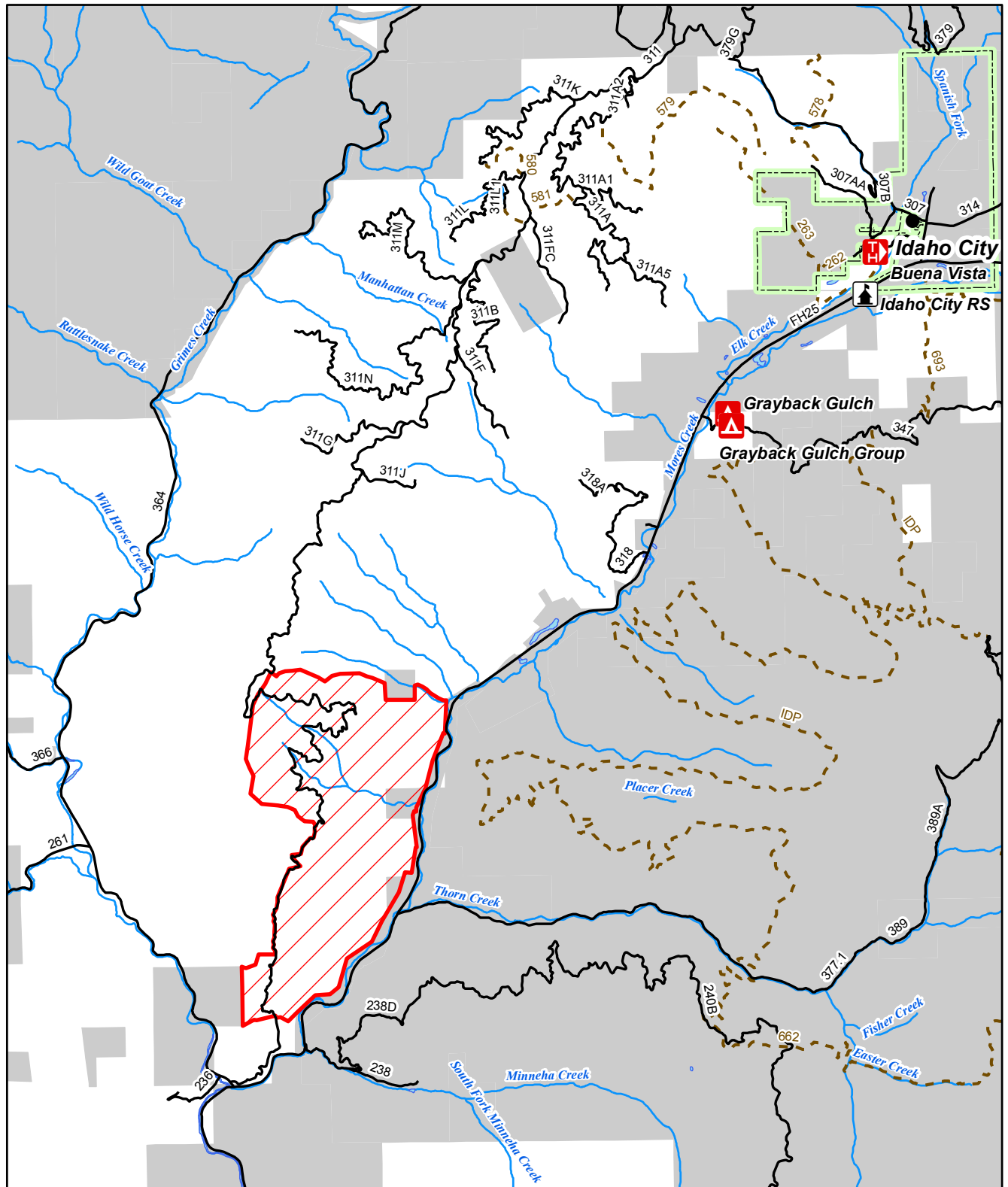


0.85



Miles





Map created 2/17/2016 SDK

Warm Springs Ridge Prescribed Burn



RX Burn Area



Roads



Trails



Streams



Boise NF Boundary



Forest Service



Non-FS Land



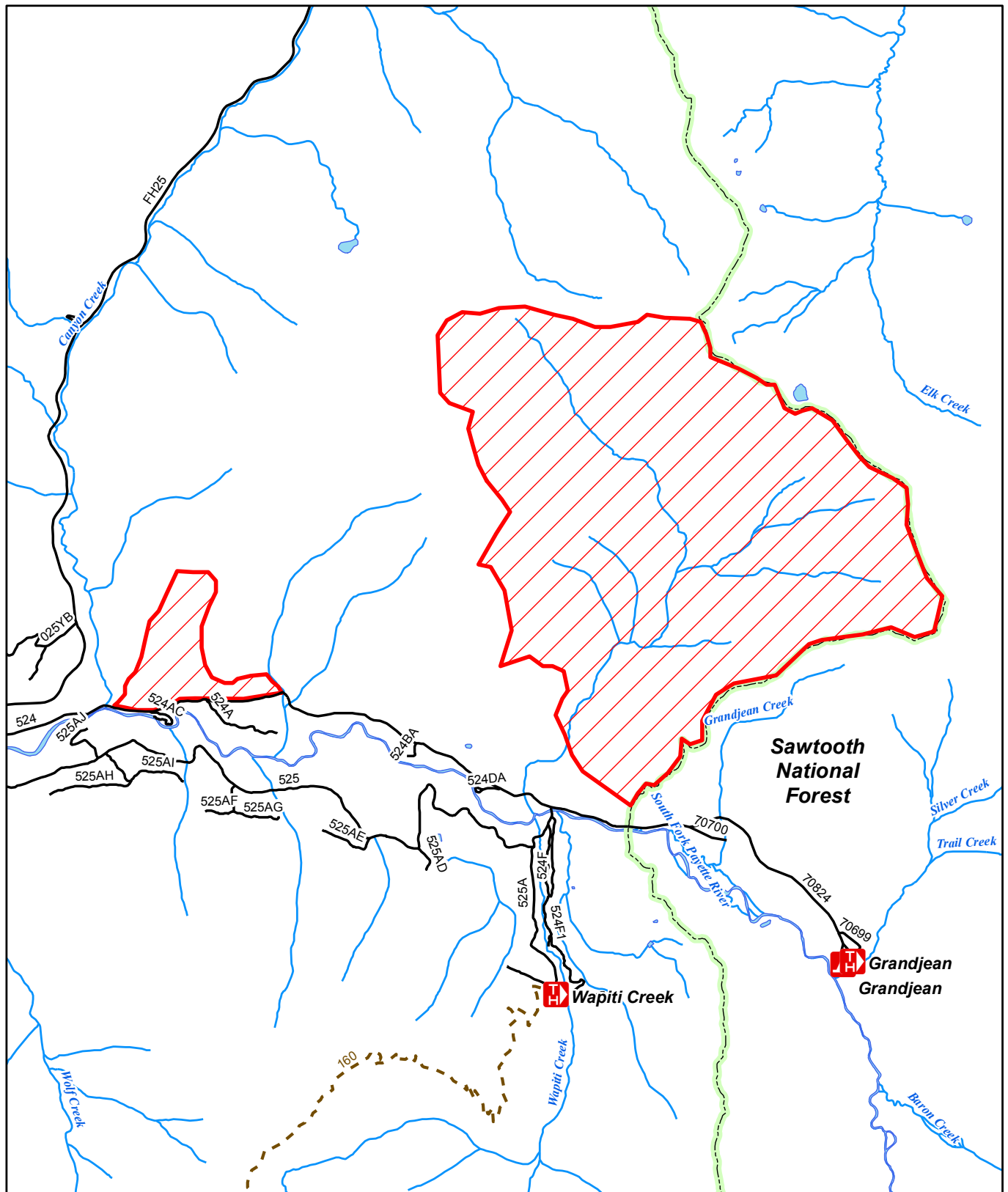
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Miles

Boise National Forest

Lowman Ranger District

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Bear Creek	T10N, R11E Section(s): 14-16, 21-22,27-28 Lat/Long 44.18667 -115.17717	Prescribed burn using aerial ignition	This project is located approximately 20 air miles east of Lowman, Idaho.	500	Spring/ Fall 2016	Lowman Ranger District Ryan Shannahan (208) 259-3361
Sam's Pine	T10N, R7E Section(s): 19-35 Lat/Long 44.168 -115.653	Prescribed burn using aerial ignition	This project is located approximately 10 air miles northwest of Lowman, Idaho along the Deadwood River.	500	Spring/ Fall 2016	Lowman Ranger District Ryan Shannahan (208) 259-3361
Cache Creek Whitebark Pine	T11N, R8E S24 T11N, R9E S19 & 30 Lat/Long 44.266 -115.433	Pile Burning	This project is located approximately 15 air miles northeast of Lowman, Idaho.	154	Fall 2016	Lowman Ranger District Ryan Shannahan (208) 259-3361
Rock Creek	T9N, R7E Sections 27, 28, 33, 34 Lat/Long 44.0756 -115.6339	Prescribed burning using hand ignition	This project is located immediately south of Lowman (within 2 miles) and near Highway 21.	200	Spring/ Fall 2016	Lowman Ranger District Ryan Shannahan (208) 259-3361



Map created 2/17/2016 SDK

Bear Creek Prescribed Burn



RX Burn Area



Roads



Trails



Streams



Boise NF Boundary



Forest Service

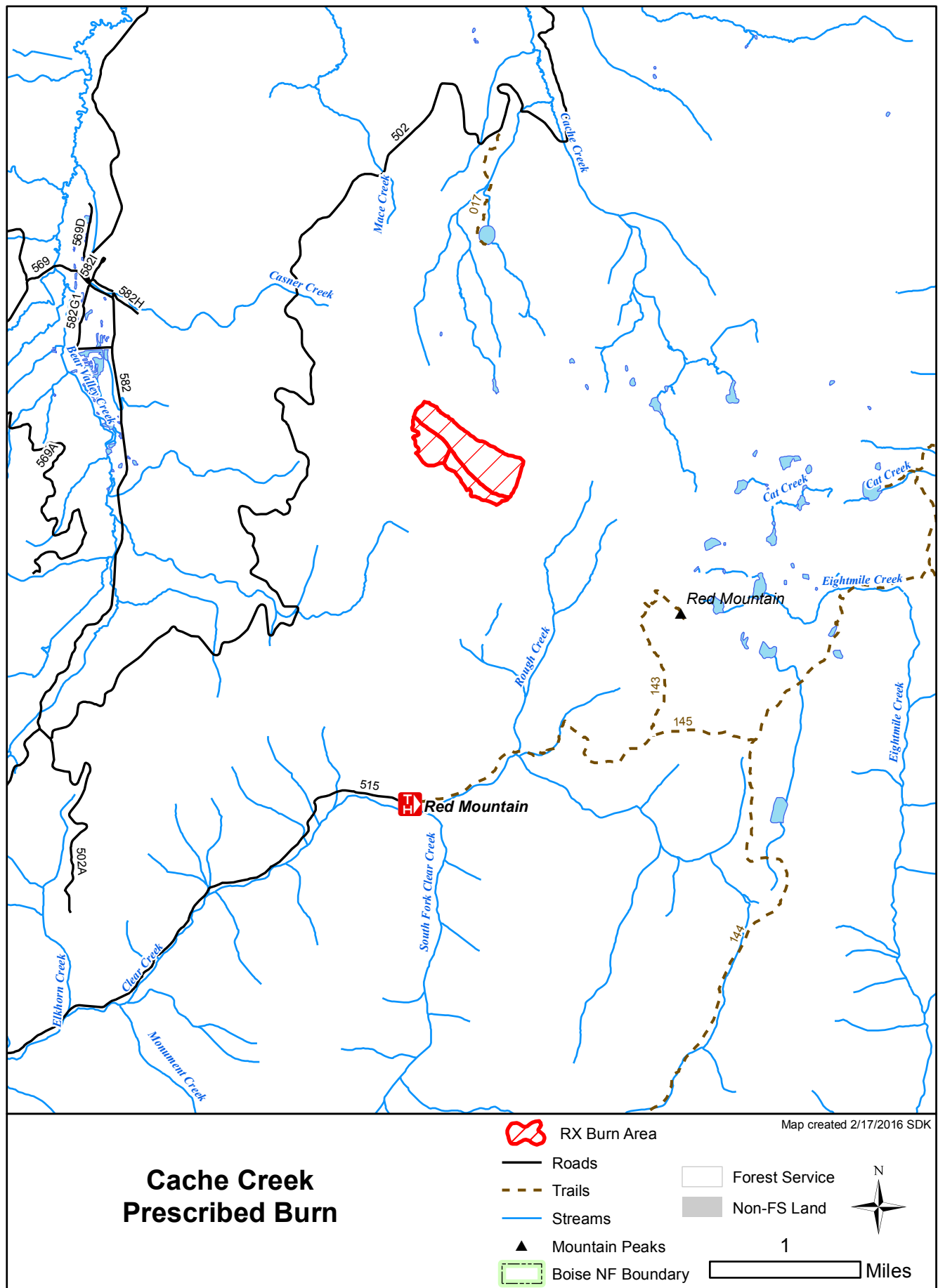


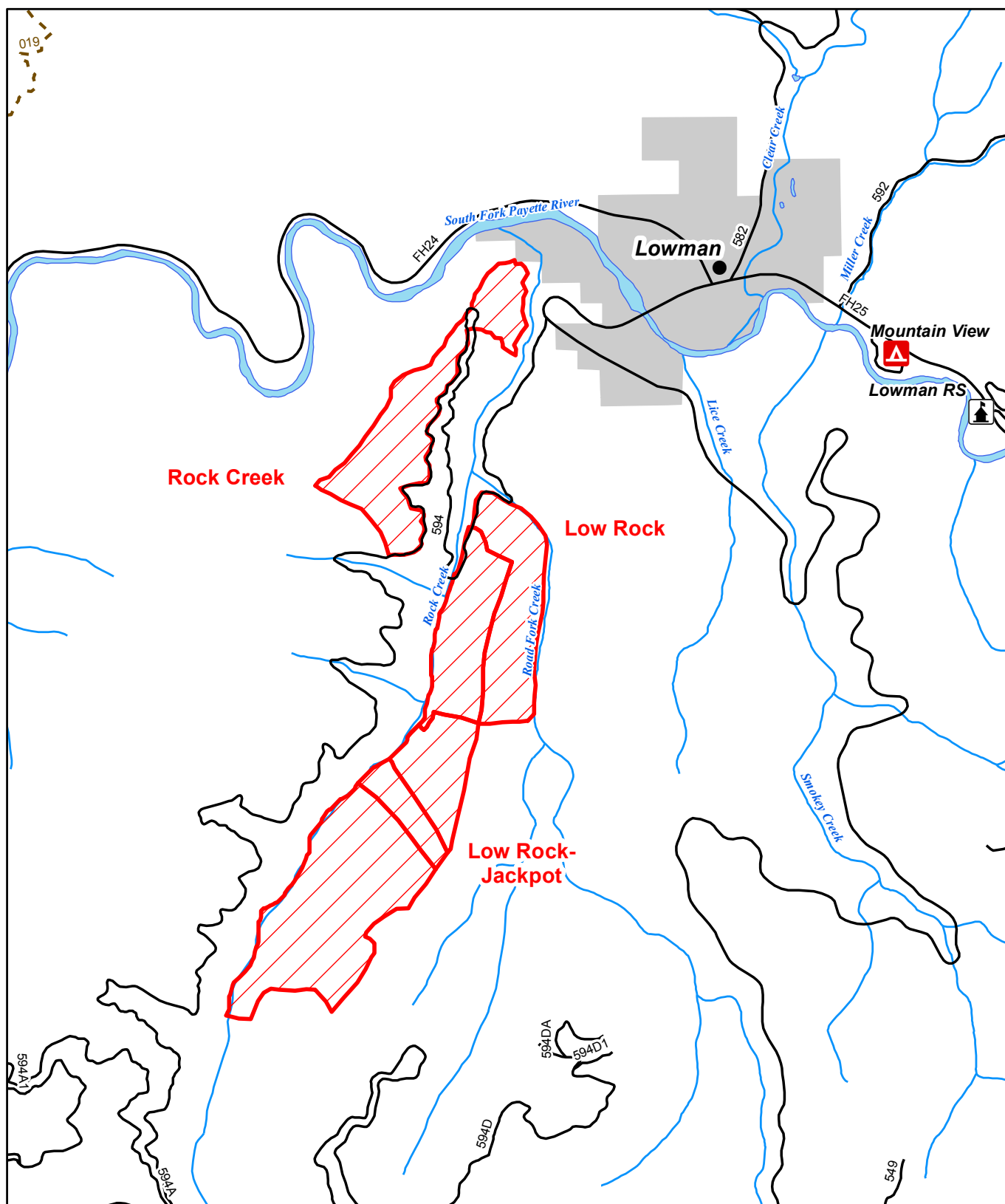
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Miles





Map created 2/17/2016 SDK

Low Rock, Low Rock-Jackpot, & Rock Creek Prescribed Burn



RX Burn Area



Roads



Trails



Streams



Boise NF Boundary



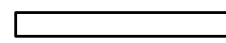
Forest Service



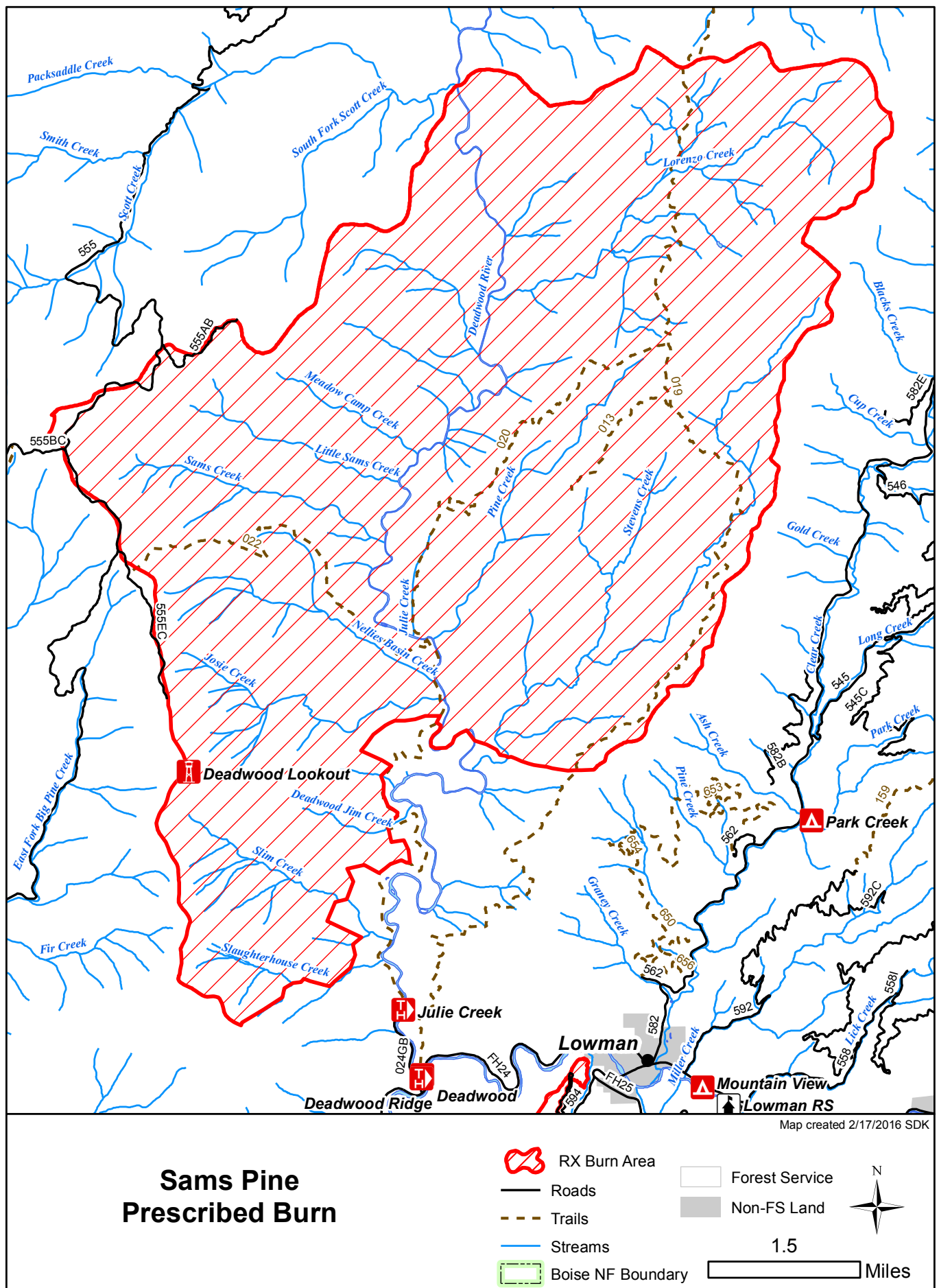
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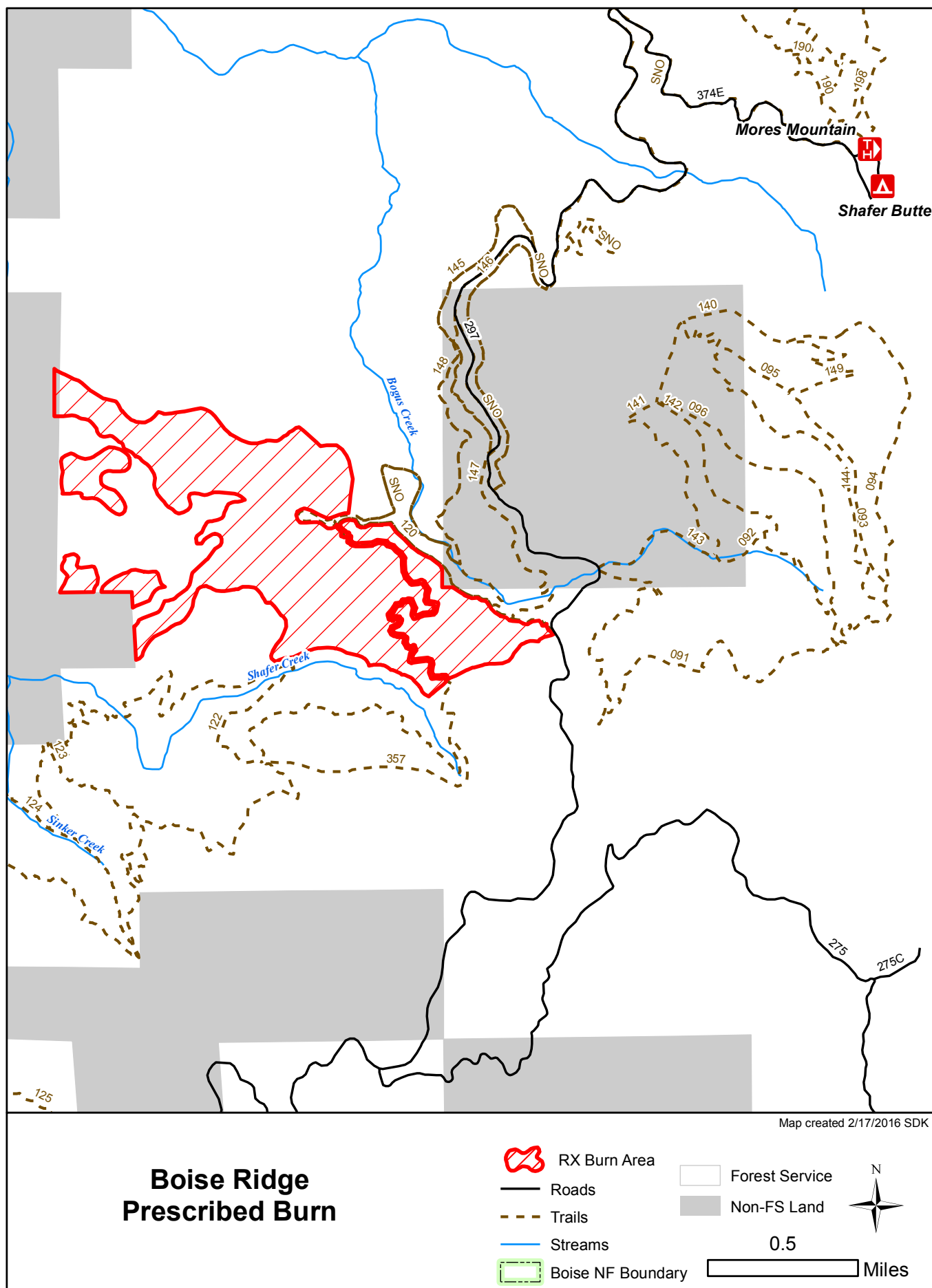
Miles



Boise National Forest

Mountain Home Ranger District

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Boise Ridge	T5N, R3E Section(s): 17-21 Lat/Long 43.763 -116.126	Pile Burn Tree-well burn	This project is located immediately west of Bogus Basin Ski Resort.	100 150 400	Spring/ Summer/ Fall 2016	Mountain Home RD Robert Burnside (208) 587-7961
Star Gulch	T4N, R5E Section(s): 5-10,15-18,21,22 Lat/Long 43.684 -115.867	Thinning	This project is located 16 miles northeast of Boise in Boise County.	5,184	Summer 2016	Mountain Home RD Robert Burnside (208) 587-7961
Cottonwood II	4N 5E Section 10,11,14,23	Broadcast burning	This project is located 22 miles northeast of Boise in Boise County.	1000	Fall 2016/ Spring 2017	Mountain Home RD Robert Burnside (208) 587-7961

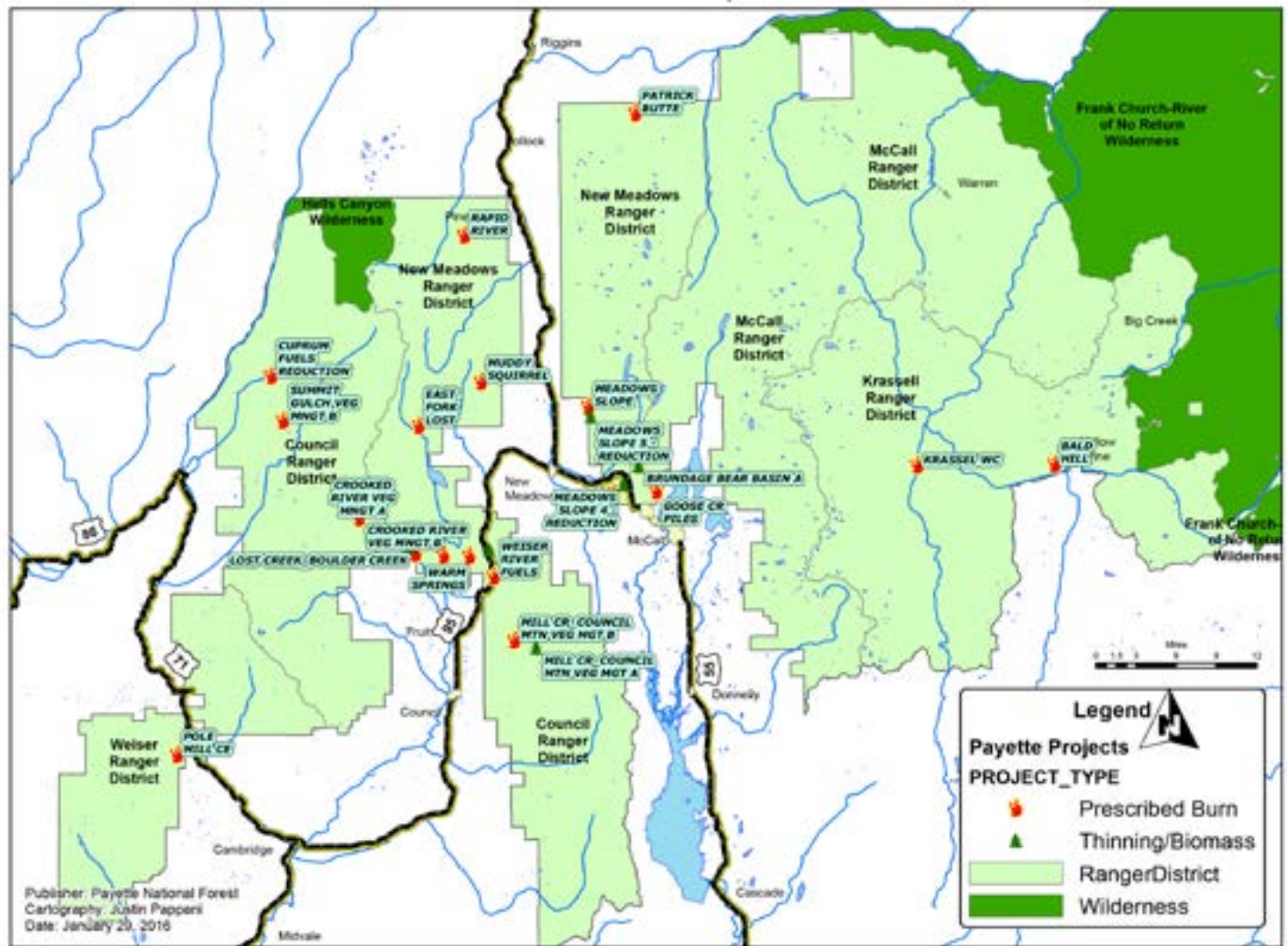




Payette National Forest

Ranger District	Total Planned Acres	Acres of Mechanical Treatment Planned
Council and Weiser	3,700	1,500
Krassel	2,850	0
McCall	250	1,200
New Meadows	6,163	2,250

Payette National Forest Fuels Treatment Projects 2016



Payette National Forest

Council and Weiser Ranger Districts

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Pole Mill CE	T15N, R5W Section: 36 T16N, R5W Section(s): 1-2 Lat/Long 44.666 -116.86	Prescribed burn using hand or aerial ignitions.	This project is located west of HWY 71, 10 air miles NW of Cambridge, Idaho. This is a prescribed burn to re-introduce fire into the landscape. With the additional benefit of treating WUI lands.	500	Spring/ Fall 2016	Weiser Ranger District David Lachapelle (208) 549-4228
Crooked River West Vegetation Management Project	T18N, R3W Section(s): 1-3, 10-16, 22-23, 26-27 Lat/Long 44.925 -116.666	Prescribed burn using hand or aerial ignitions	Project is located 18 air miles northwest of Council, west of the Council-Cuprum Rd. Following mechanical treatments, fire will be re-introduced to the landscape.	500	Spring/ Fall 2016	Council Ranger District David LaChapelle (208) 549-4228

Individual project maps not provided.

Payette National Forest

Council and Weiser Ranger Districts continued

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Cuprum Fuels Reduction Project	T20N, R3W Section(s): 2-3, 9-11, 15-16, 21, 28 Lat/Long 45.082 -116.693	Prescribed burn in WUI	Project is located 30 air miles NW of Council around the town of Cuprum, Idaho. Prescribed fire will be implemented now that biomass and mechanical treatments are complete.	500	Spring/Fall 2016	Council Ranger District David LaChapelle (208) 549-4228
Mill Creek-Council Mountain Landscape restoration Project	T17N, R1E Section(s): 28-29, 31-33 T16N, R1E Section(s): 3-6, 9-10, 16, 20, 28-29 Lat/Long 44.791-116.357	Mechanical Fuel reduction and Prescribed burn in WUI	Project is located 6 air miles NE of Council, Idaho. Whole tree yarding and thinning will be performed; biomass will be used for cogeneration power production. Following mechanical treatments, fire will be re-introduced to the landscape. This includes WUI treatments.	1500	Spring/Summer/Fall 2016	Council Ranger District David LaChapelle (208) 549-4228 Mary Bresee (208) 253-0127

Individual project maps not provided.

Payette National Forest

Council and Weiser Ranger Districts continued

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Summit Gulch Vegetation Management Project	T19N, R3W Section(s): 28-29, 32-34 T20N, R3W Section(s): 3-10, 17 Lat/Long 45.028 -116.697	Prescribed burn using hand or aerial ignitions	Project is located 20 miles northwest of Council, Idaho. Following mechanical treatments, fire will be re-introduced to the landscape improving Northern Idaho ground squirrel habitat and aid in the recovery of the species	1200	Spring / Fall 2016	Council Ranger District David LaChapelle (208) 549-4228
Weiser River Fuels	T18N, R1E Section(s): 6-8, 17-21, 28-32 Lat/Long 44.896 -116.373	Prescribed burn in WUI	Project is located 10 air miles NE of New Meadows, Idaho in the highway 95 corridor. Mechanical treatments on the Council District have been completed. Fire will be re-introduced to the landscape including WUI treatments.	1000	Spring / Fall 2016	Council Ranger District David LaChapelle (208) 549-4228

Individual project maps not provided.

Payette National Forest

Krassel Ranger District

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Bald Hill Broadcast Burn	T19N, R7E Section(s): 23-27 T19N, R8E Section(s): 17-20, 30 Lat/Long 44.961 -115.564	Prescribed Burning	The project starts approximately .1 miles north of Yellow Pine, Idaho and west along the north side of the East Fork of the South Fork of the Salmon River. The intent of this project is to restore a fire adapted ecosystem by reintroducing fire as well as provide for community protection by reducing hazardous fuels.	2,750	Spring/Fall 2016	Krassel Ranger District Justin Pappani (208) 634-0623
Krassel Administrative Burn	T19N, R6E Section: 21 Lat/Long 44.972 -115.730	Prescribed Burning	The project is located approximately 17 miles east of McCall, Idaho at the Krassel Guard Station. The project is intended to reduce flammable materials around the structures and improvements of the guard station.	50-100	Spring/Fall 2016	Krassel Ranger District Justin Pappani 208.634.0623

Payette National Forest

McCall Ranger District

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Meadows Slope (WUI)	T19N, R2E Section(s): 25, 36 T19N, R3E Section: 30 Lat/Long 44.940 -116.140	Prescribed burn, hand ignitions	Project is located 3 miles northwest of McCall, Idaho. Following mechanical treatments, fire will be re-introduced to improve our ability to suppress wildfires within the WUI	100	Spring/Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336
Goose Creek Piles	T19N, R2E Section(s): 22-25, 34-36 Lat/Long 44.966 -116.165	Burning of hand piles	Primarily on McCall RD, but also within the New Meadows RD. The project is located between Brundage Mountain, Meadows, and McCall. All activities are designed to improve the likelihood of suppressing wildfires within the WUI and improve stand resiliency	150	Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336
Brundage WUI – Bear Basin Restoration	T19N, R2E Section(s): 1, 11-14, 23-26, 36 T19N, R3E Section(s): 7, 18, 19, 30, 31 Lat/Long 44.976 -116.156	Commercial Thin Thin, lop, scatter, pile Chipping	Primarily on McCall RD, but also within the New Meadows RD. The project is located between Brundage Mountain and Payette Lake. Activities are designed to improve the likelihood of suppressing wildfires within the WUI and restore historic vegetation and fuel conditions.	500 500 250	Spring 2016 Fall 2016	Lynn Wilson (208) 347-0320

Individual project maps not provided.

Payette National Forest

New Meadows Ranger District

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Patrick Butte	T20N, R2E Section(s): 26-27 34-35 Lat/Long 45.359 -116.1509	Prescribed burn, aerial and hand ignition.	This burn is planned to take place in the Partridge Creek drainage, 8 miles southeast of Riggins, Idaho. This burn would improve wildlife habitat and improve forest resiliency to high severity wildfires.	1,500	Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336
East Fork Lost	T19N, R1W Section: 4, 33 Lat/Long 45.020 -116.464	Prescribed burn, hand ignition.	This burn is planned to take place in the Lost Creek drainage 9 miles northwest of New Meadows, Idaho. Following mechanical treatments this burn will improve habitat for the Northern Idaho ground squirrel, a "threatened" species.	120	Spring / Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336
Lost Creek – Boulder Creek	T18N, R1W Sections: 17-20, 29 Lat/Long 45.153 -116.408 T21N, R1W Sections: 12-14, 23, 24 Lat/Long 44.880 -116.497	Prescribed burn, aerial and hand ignition.	These restoration burns are planned to take place 13 miles north of New Meadows, Idaho and 11 miles west of New Meadows.	1000	Spring/ Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336
Lost Creek – Boulder Creek	T21N, R1W Sections: 12-14, 23, 24 Lat/Long 44.880 -116.497	Ladder Fuel Thinning	This noncommercial contract will take place 11 miles west of New Meadows, Idaho.	1,000	Spring/ Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336

Individual project maps not provided.

Payette National Forest

New Meadows Ranger District continued

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Meadows Slope (WUI)	T19N, R2E Sections: 4, 9, 15, 16, 22 T20N, 2E Sections: 28, 33 Lat/Long 44.988 -116.224	Prescribed burn, hand ignition.	Project is located 1-4 miles north of Meadows, Idaho. Following mechanical treatments, fire will be re-introduced to improve our ability to suppress wildfires within the WUI	250	Spring/ Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336
Warm Springs	T18N, R1W Section(s): 26-27 Lat/Long 44.854 -116.415	Prescribed burn, hand ignition.	This restoration burn is planned to take place 14 miles southwest of New Meadows, Idaho.	2113	Spring/ Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336
Meadows Slope (WUI) Handpiles	T19N, R2E Section: 36 Lat/Long 44.934 -116.166	Prescribed burn, hand ignition	Planned to take place on the Rock Flats side of Meadows Slope. A few land piles will also be burned.	30	Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336
Lost Valley	T19N, R1W Section: 21 Lat/Long 44.974 -116.464	Prescribed burn, hand ignition.	This burn is planned to take place 9 miles west of New Meadows, Idaho directly adjacent to Lost Valley Reservoir.	50	Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336

Individual project maps not provided.

Payette National Forest

New Meadows Ranger District continued

Project Name	Location Legal	Project Type	Description	Acres Treated	Season	Contact
Rocky Bear (WUI)	T19N, R2E Section(s): 35, 36 Lat/Long 44.943 -116.176	Prescribed burn, hand ignition	Project is adjacent to Rock Flats, 4 miles west of McCall, Idaho. Following mechanical treatments, fire will be re-introduced to improve our ability to suppress wildfires within the WUI.	100	Spring/ Fall 2016	Patrick Schon (208) 347-0345 Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336
Weiser River Fuels (WUI)	T18N, R1E Section: 7 Lat/Long 44.856 -116.380	Commercial thin Chipping	Project is located 6 air miles southwest of New Meadows, Idaho, in the Hwy 95 corridor. All activities are designed to improve our ability to suppress wildfires within the WUI.	300 300	Spring 2014/ Fall 2016	Lynn Wilson (208) 347-0320
Meadows Slope (WUI)	T19N, R2E Section(s): 26, 34-35 Lat/Long 44.956 -116.177	Commercial thin Thin, lop, scatter, pile	Meadows Slope Area #4: Project is located 4 miles west of McCall, Idaho. All activities are designed to improve the likelihood of suppressing wildfires within the WUI.	200 200	2016	Lynn Wilson (208) 347-0320
Rocky Bear (WUI)	T19N, R2E Section(s): 26-27, 34 Lat/Long 44.944 -116.177	Commercial thin Thin, lop, scatter, pile	Project is located 4 miles west of McCall, Idaho. All activities are designed to improve the likelihood of suppressing wildfires within the WUI.	100 150	Spring/ Winter 2016	Dustin Doane (208) 347-0336 Lynn Wilson (208) 347-0320

Individual project maps not provided.